











AMBIENTE



# Trends in Beach Width in Jamaica: Implications for Coastal Management

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#### Brief History of Beach Erosion Monitoring in Jamaica

- Monitoring has been on going since 2000 on a quarterly basis
- The coastal erosion records range from 3 to 22 years
- Sites includes tourist beaches, underdeveloped beaches and those with high wave energy





#### **Emery Method**

- The monitoring protocol utilizes the Emery Method (Emery, 1961)
  - two 5-foot calibrated rods
  - a surveying Abney level
  - a tape to measure distance
- The method uses the horizon to measure distances to, and changes in elevation between, two survey points (Birkemeier, 1981)

## Methodology



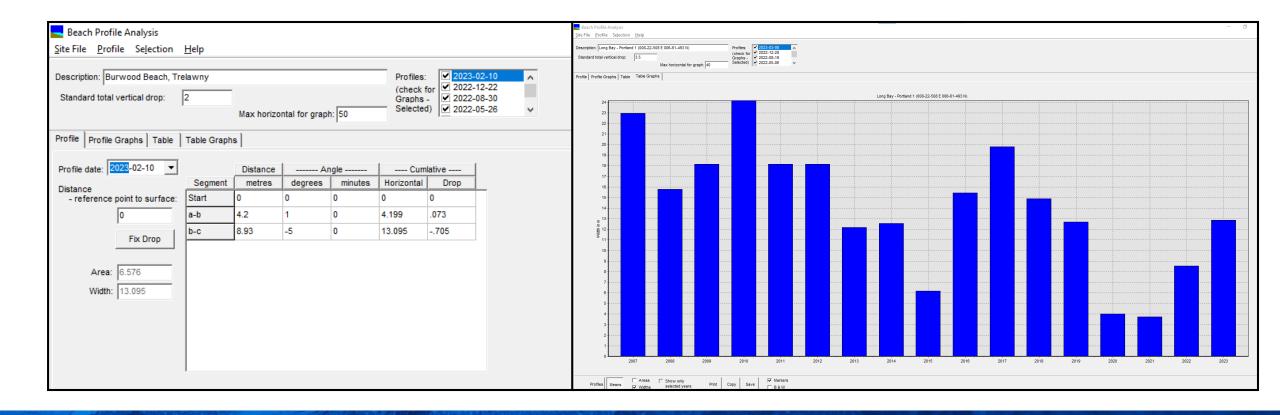


NEPA officers conducting beach erosion monitoring in Clarendon; Source: NEPA, 2023



## **Data Analysis**

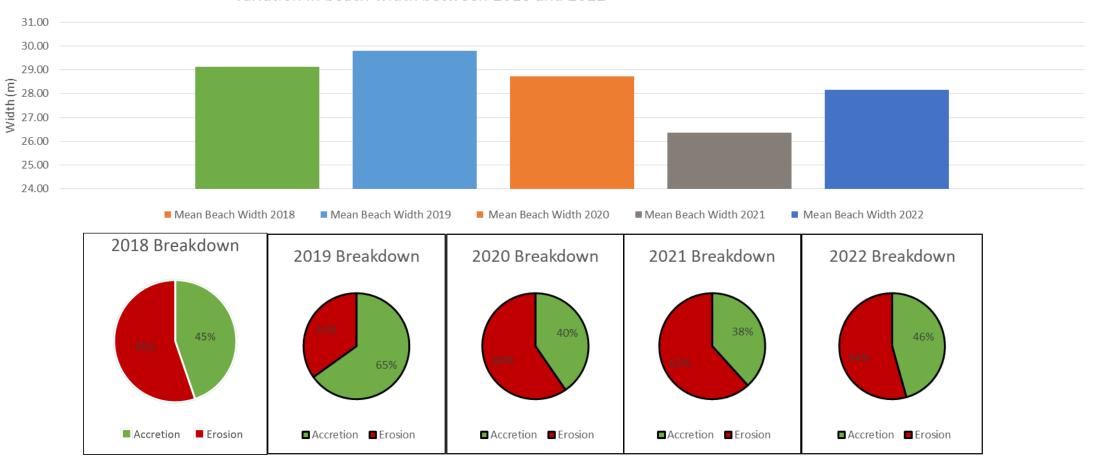
- •Data is analyzed using the Beach Profile Analysis Version 3.2 software
- •The software was developed for the Coast and Beach Stability in the Caribbean Project (COSALC) 1996-1997





#### **Results: Annual Trends**

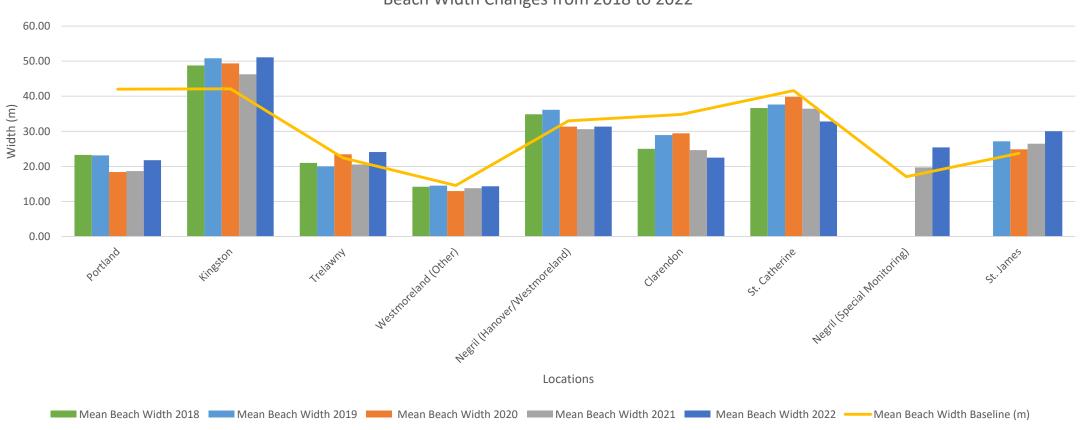
Variation in beach width between 2018 and 2022





#### **Results: Location Trends**

Beach Width Changes from 2018 to 2022



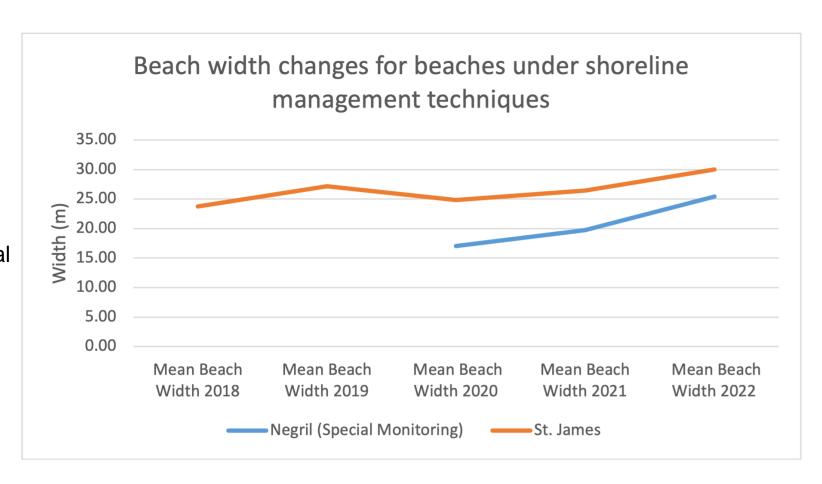


# Results: Shoreline Management Techniques

Two sites monitored: St. James & Negril Special Monitoring

Available data shows annual means higher than the base line – net accretion since baseline

Limited dataset





## **Next steps**

- Improved data collection using technology
- Beach Access and Management Policy (Green Paper, 2020)
  - Use of data in decision making
  - Planning for climate change projections
  - Shoreline erosion management plans to protect lands, including public beaches



NEPA staft in drone training; Source: NEPA, April 2023



