



## ASSOCIATION OF CARIBBEAN STATES (ACS)

# CARIBBEAN SEA COMMISSION (CSC)

#### **PROJECT: "Impact of Climate Change on the Sandy Shorelines of the** Caribbean. Alternatives for its Control and Resilience"

#### 8<sup>TH</sup> MEETING OF THE FOCAL POINTS OF THE SANDY SHORELINES PROJECT (VIRTUAL MEETING)

ACS Secretariat, Port of Spain, Trinidad and Tobago, 9th March, 2023

# SUMMARY REPORT

Virtual Meeting of the eight (8) Focal Points of the Sandy Shorelines Project and the Directorate of Disaster Risk Reduction, Environment and Caribbean Sea (DECS) of the ACS.

## Focal point participants:

- Antigua and Barbuda Mark Archibald
- Costa Rica Lilliana Piedra Castro
- Cuba José Luis Juanes Martí
- Dominican Republic Bienvenido Santana
- Haiti Ninon Abraham Angrand
- Jamaica Chanel Raynor and Jodiel Ebanks
- Panama Mabel Zúñiga
- Trinidad and Tobago Christopher Alexis and Aaron Mohammed

#### Participants of the Association of Caribbean States (ACS)

- Ana Leticia Ramirez Cuevas. Director of the Directorate of Disaster Risk Reduction, Environment and Caribbean Sea (DECS)
- Colin Jack. Sandy Shorelines Project Manager
- Cherisse Braithwaite-Joseph, DECS Advisor





- Luisa Capri Sanchez. Research Assistant, DECS
- Christal Benjamin. Research Assistant, DECS
- Samantha Snaggs. Administrative Assistant, DECS
- Alexia Sylvester. Intern, DECS
- Justyn Alexander. Intern, DECS

#### **DEVELOPMENT OF THE MEETING:**

#### I. INTRODUCTORY REMARKS

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**Mr Colin Jack, Project Manager of Sandy Shorelines Project** opened the meeting by providing a brief introduction on the project and provided the Focal Points with an overview of the work completed since the last focal point meeting. He also confirmed that the delivery on the equipment is ongoing and gave further updates on the word of the Sandy Shorelines Technical Advisory Group (TAG).

**Director Ana** informed the group that the audio will be sent to the persons unable to attend the meeting. She provided the focal points with a brief background on the Sandy Shorelines project and also mentioned the fact that it has been supported by the Government of Korea. She further advised the meeting that there will be a Conference in June 2023 which will be an outcome of the Sandy Shorelines Project.

#### II. WORK PROGRAMME OVERVIEW

**The PM** opened the discussion by providing the focal points with a look at the work programme of the Sandy Shorelines project. He further confirmed that the upcoming focal point meetings will be held in April and May, 2023 before closing off the current session. He notified the Focal Points of the impending Capacity Building Exercise to be





hosted by the National Environment Planning Agency, Jamaica will be further explained later in the meeting.

He further notified the meeting that the Beach Monitoring Equipment is currently being delivered to each focal point country with the first batch to be completed by the first week of April 2023. This will also require an in-person handover ceremony which will be planned and announced in due course. An introduction to the ongoing Sandy Shorelines Social Media Competition and update on the progress currently being made by the Technical Advisory Group was also mentioned.

The Project Manager, Mr. Colin Jack, also informed the meeting of the current preliminary phase of the Sandy Shorelines Online Platform which will

## III. COASTAL EQUIPMENT PROCUREMENT STRATEGY

**The PM** presented the acquisition strategy proposed by the ACS. He reported on the changes that have taken place with the suppliers, explained that Cuba, Guatemala and Haiti are the countries that are missing to update the list of equipment and hope to conclude with the meetings next week. He explained that the ACS has sought to invite those present to make the purchases they can make in their corresponding countries. He shared on screen the custody transfer agreement of the equipment that will be between the AEC and the institution that receives the equipment. He explained the details such as that the receiver will assume responsibility for the equipment received and that it cannot deny the accessibility to the data generated, among other points.

**Director Ramírez** explained that all the focal points received the agreement on June 27<sup>th</sup> 2022 along with the meeting call. The document was sent in PDF but you will receive it in Word format. In this sense, each FP must indicate on what date it will send back the duly signed document to proceed with the purchase of the equipment.

**The Dominican Republic** announced that they will send the signed agreement as soon as possible, as will **Antigua and Barbuda**.





**Director Ramírez** added that the agreements can be signed electronically and noted that countries have communicated mechanisms to reduce customs duties.

**Costa Rica** responded that the University of Costa Rica (UCR) is reviewing the document and will return it signed on August 20.

**Panama** replied that the document is being reviewed by legal advice, the minister does not have a digital signature, therefore he will sign the agreement and later return it in PDF. Subsequently, it asked whether the entry costs will be borne by the AEC or by the FP. **Director Ramírez** clarified that the expenses will be borne by the ACS.

**Cuba** indicated that the receiving agency is the Environment Agency, who will analyze the agreement and return it signed at the end of July.

**Guatemala** said that due to internal changes in personnel, it would be good to sign a new agreement with the minister and that they need more information. **Director Ramirez** requested a meeting with the focal point representative.

**Jamaica** shared that they have had a preliminary revision of the document. However, they are interested in submitting the document to our legal arm.

**Trinidad and Tobago** reported that they are working on the revision and signing of the document.

#### IV. ESTABLISHMENT OF THE EROSION NETWORK

Each of the Focal Points gave a brief update on the status of the monitoring network.

- Antigua and Barbuda -
- **Costa Rica** He gave a presentation of the monitoring network in his country, shared images of the evidence on sea level rise that has occurred on the Caribbean coast, where housing and government infrastructure have been impacted by this. Costa Rica has conducted monitoring for a period of 10 years between 2008 and 2018. He reported that they have been working on the process





of territorial planning to face these erosive processes, they also have artificial sand feeding projects on beaches, including other initiatives related to reef conservation, among others. **Cuba** requested that written notification be given of what each FP is reporting at this meeting in order to work on the preparation of a comprehensive report on the sandy shorelines project. **Costa Rica** asked if there is any template or format of the report. **Cuba** replied that it does exist and suggested having meetings with each FP between now and December with a view to preparing the integrated project. **The PM** confirmed that if the meetings were held individually between the Technical Coordinator, the FPs and the ACS, it also asked if there is an update by Cuba.

- **Cuba** presented the update of its network, indicating that they have a total of 49 monitoring stations on 35 beaches. He mentioned that they carry out the monitoring two (2) or four (4) times a year depending on the conditions. They have done the monitoring since 2016, in 2017 they made sand dumps on the beaches.
- Dominican Republic He reported that they have selected 8 beaches around the Atlantic and Caribbean coast. They have a set of data matrices and have maintained measurements over five (5) or six (6) years with a periodicity of two (2) months. During the monitoring they have witnessed accelerated erosion processes and have also been affected by the lack of resources to continue with the monitoring during the year 2020-2021.
- Guatemala –
- Jamaica Gave an update on the state of its network, warned that in 2021 they examined 47 sites, have analyzed both short- and long-term trends of erosion, where they have found erosion rates of 1.8%, which indicates severe erosion processes in 28 of the 47 sites studied. The selection was made based on places that are at risk of damage to infrastructure, including recreational, sensitive or protected sites, now other sites are included. Also, I confirm the upcoming arrival of the KIOST team in the country.





- Panama reported that in November 2021 the selection process of three (3) beaches began, which have technical assistance from the Institute of Hydraulics of Cantabria, on beaches on the Caribbean and Pacific coast, this will help to understand the levels of flooding, meteorological tide and waves. He added that they do not yet have a database on behavioral trends in coastal areas since they do not have scientific and/or technical personnel to analyze the issue.
- **Director Ramirez** said that the ACS will begin to work on the drafting of phase two (2) of the Sandy Shorelines project, therefore the active participation of the focal points is required.
- **Trinidad and Tobago** presented the status of the monitoring network and the work done during the executive project with the consultancy GAMMA together with the Institute of Marine Affairs (IMA). During the projects, erosion areas and sandbanks were identified for the rehabilitation of Cedros beach. The course on sedimentology and erosive processes in the Caribbean was also taught. He said that the FP has records of currents, barometry and diving work.
- Director Ramírez asked those present to move on to the agreements of the meeting. He pointed out the need to hold individual meetings between the ACS, the technical coordinator and each FP in order to establish the baseline of the monitoring network.

The Meeting agreed as follows:

 The FPs will send on July 14, 2022 the update report shared at this meeting and the update of the format of the National Plan of the project to the technical coordinator with a copy to the Secretariat. Data of the technical coordinator:

#### Dr. José Luis Juanes

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- 2. The Technical Coordinator shall review the documents of the FPs and give recommendations regarding the establishment of the monitoring network.
- 3. A calendar of technical meetings shall be held with each focal point.
- 4. Revised documents will be sent on 22 July 2022.
- 5. The PM and the Technical Coordinator will integrate the information and prepare the integrated report of the focal point monitoring network.
- 6. GAMMA will send the format of the National Plan carried out in 2018 to all FPs.

# V. TRAININGS/CONFERENCES

**The PM** reported the following points:

- Virtual training exercise in October 2022
- Presentation of the Sandy Shorelines Project at the XXVII International Conference on Coastal Engineering in Australia
- Training exercises by KIOST in NEPA in early 2023

#### **V.I OTHER MATTERS**

**The PM** invited those present to participate for a scholarship to carry out master's studies with KIOST financed by the government of Korea. He shared and read the letter sent to the ACS. This card will be dealt with the FPs so that they can participate. The ACS will be in charge of the selection process of applicants taking into account the times of KIOST.

**Director Ramírez** asked the meeting to set the date of the next meeting and proposed between November 14<sup>th</sup> and 25<sup>th</sup>.

**Costa Rica** proposed November 17<sup>th</sup> at 11 AM and was agreed by those present.



# **VII. CLOSURE OF THE MEETING**

**Director Ramirez** received the agreement of the Focal Points to meet on April 20<sup>th</sup>, 2023 at 11 am.